Bell 202 Modem

DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS FOR RADIO TELEMETRY





The SCADAmetrics Model B202.v109 Modem is designed to provide non-proprietary, Bell-202 data modulation and demodulation for many popular analog telemetry radios.

The unit offers the following notable features:

- Wide-Input Power Range 10-30VDC.
- 2.5KV Isolated Serial Port for RS-232 Interface to PLC/RTU/Computer.
- Serial Port Pins 4-6, 7-8 Jumpered for Rockwell/Allen Bradley Compatibility.
- Radio Interface: RJ45F.
- Industrial Din-Rail Mount.
- LED's: Power, Transmit, Receive, TxD, RxD.
- Adjustable Transmit Audio Level: 0-2V Peakto-Peak Signal. Able to Drive 600-∞ Ω Loads.
- Selectable RF or Modem Carrier Detect.
- Carrier-Detect Byte Filtering Option.
- Receive Signal Equalizer Option.
- 'Dumb' Mode Operation.







The B202 modem permits users to mix various makes and models of compatible radios within a telemetry system, thereby alleviating the problem of vendor lockin.

This new design is based upon the MX614 modem IC (CML Micro), and it is also fully compatible with legacy Bell-202 modems that are based upon the TCM3105 modem IC (Texas Instruments), such as the Calamp DM-3282, Maxon SD-FSK, and MARC 366-101. Compatibility is anticipated with a wide range of popular analog telemetry radios, including models from the following manufacturers:

- Motorola
- Ritron
- Tecnet / Maxon
- GE / Microwave Data Systems
- Calamp
- RF Neulink

In accordance with FCC CFR 47 Part 15.103(a,b,c) – the B202 is only intended to be used as a control system component at public utility facilities, industrial plants, and within commercial transportation vehicles. It is also intended to be used within industrial, commercial, & medical test equipment. Not intended for consumer applications.

SCADAmetrics scadametrics.com Wildwood, Missouri USA 636.405.7101

Specifications...

Mechanical/Electrical

Manufacturing Location: Dimensions: Weight: Temperature:

Relative Humidity: Panel Mounts: Supply Voltage/Power: Supply Current:

Serial Port Isolation: Environmental: Term. Blk. Conductors: Internal Power Efficiency: Circuit Protection:

Audio Output Signal Level:

LISA

4.125" x 3.250" x 1.750"

3.8 Ounces -30C to +85C

5% to 95%, Non-Condensing Two (2) Universal Din-Rail Clips 10VDC to 30VDC, 1.50W max 100mA @ 12VDC, Typical 50mA @ 24VDC, Typical

2.5 KV

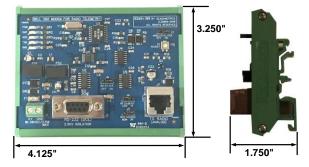
ROHS-Compliant

16AWG Max, 26AWG Min

90%, Typical

Fused (375mA) + TVSS Diode + Reverse-Polarity Protection Diode

0-2V peak-to-peak (0-.708Vrms), Adjustable. 600-∞ Ohm Loads.



Serial Communications

Interface Port:

RS-232C (DB9F Jack, DCE):

1: DCD (Transmitted to DTE)

2: TxD (Transmitted to DTE) 3: RxD (Received from DTE)

4: DSR (TIED TO DTR)

5: **GND**

6: DTR (TIED TO DSR)

7: CTS (TIED TO RTS)

8: RTS (TIED TO CTS)

9: N/C

Speed: 300 to 1200 bps

None (Requires External RTS/PTT Control) Handshaking: Protocol Compatibility:

MODBUS, DF1,

Custom Binary & ASCII Protocols

Radio Communications

Modulation Type: Interface Port:

AFSK (Audio Frequency Shift Key), Bell-202

1: TxAudio (Adj: 0-2 Vpp / 0-0.708 Vrms)

2: RxAudio

3: PTT (Active Low)

4: Channel Busy

5: Ground

6: N/C 7: N/C

8: DC Power

(Non-Fused, Mapped from V+ Terminal)

Configuration Jumpers

RF.CH.BUSY Normal (~5V=BUSY) JP1 = HIRF.CH.BUSY Inverted (0V=BUSY) 1P1 = IOW(Sets Polarity of Radio Channel Busy/Carrier Detect)

DCD.SOURCE = RF Channel Busy JP2 = RFDCD.SOURCE = Modem Energy Detect JP2 = MDM(Sets The Source Of DCD Signal: Radio or Modem)

BIT.FILTER ON BIT.FILTER OFF JP3 = OFF(BIT.FILTER ON: Data Only Passed Thru When DCD Asserted)

MDM.EQUALIZER ON JP4 = ONMDM.EQUALIZER OFF JP4 = OFF

(Modem Equalizer – See Explanation on Page 6 of MX614 Datasheet)

FAQ's...

- Is the B202 a 'smart' modem? No, the B202 modem is a 'dumb' modem. The benefits are total control of the modulation and demodulation process and enhanced ability to troubleshoot. However, a 'dumb' modem requires the user to key the transmitter through software prior to and during data transmission using the RTS serial port pin. The user also must provide logic to detect and separate valid packets from extraneous noise. This is typically done by framing each packet with a pre-determined byte sequence and utilization of protocols that feature CRC or checksum error detection.
- What are the power requirements of the B202? The B202 provides the user with a great deal of flexibility in that it will operate on any voltage between 10-30VDC. However, it is almost always preferable that the user power the modem with the same voltage source that is used to power the radio - which will generally be ~12VDC. Pin 8 of the RJ45 jack provides a direct connection back to the V+ terminal block. If the radio is to be powered with a separate voltage source, then it is imperative that Pin 8 of the RJ45 jack should <u>not</u> be connected to the radio.
- Does the B202 require programming? No, the unit features 4 jumpers for tailoring the modem to your radio and application, and one trim pot for adjustment of the transmit audio level.
- Do you offer radio interface cables? Because many of the popular telemetry radios feature DB9, DB25, or DB15 interface ports; and it's now extremely easy and popular to create custom cable assemblies with RJ45F-to-DSub Adapters. This allows us to offer cable assemblies for many popular telemetry radios. Our cable assemblies generally consist of an RJ45F-DSub Adapter and a premium shielded CAT5 patch cable (24-gauge, solid-copper conductors).
- What documentation is available? The B202 is utilizes the Bell-202 modulation standard, which is both non-proprietary and well documented. The MX614DW modem IC datasheet is available via CML Micro's website...
- What are the Bell-202 modulation tones? The Bell-202 standard uses 1200 Hz for 'MARK' (Binary '1'), and 2200 Hz for 'SPACE' (Binary '0').

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