



## **Amendment Record Sheet**

All amendments to this manual should be incorporated as soon as they are received and recorded below:

Issue No.	Effective	Reason for Change	Date	Signature
	Date			

All Engineering Bulletins relevant to this product should be placed at the rear of this binder. Please ensure that this manual is updated with any replacement pages, which may accompany these Engineering Bulletins.

Always read all Engineering Bulletins before carrying out work on a radio.

Please read the WARNINGS on the next page before referring to subsequent sections.

## Warnings

- 1. **WARNING! NEVER** connect the transceiver to an AC outlet. This may pose a fire hazard or result in an electric shock.
- 2. **NEVER** operate the radio transmitter without a suitable artificial load or antenna connected.
- 3. **NEVER** connect the transceiver to a power source of more than 13.8V.
- 4. **NEVER** dispose of the battery in fire it can explode causing personal injury.
- 5. **NEVER** attempt to disassemble the battery or remove its case material or charging contacts. Do not short the battery terminals.
- 6. **NEVER** expose the transceiver to rain, snow or any liquids.
- 7. **NEVER** modify a radio or accessory except as instructed in the service manual, engineering bulletins or formal communication as this may invalidate any warranty, guarantee or type approval.
- 8. USE the supplied microphone only. Other microphones have different pin assignments and may damage the transceiver.
- DO NOT use or place the transceiver in areas with temperatures below -30°C or above +60°C, In areas subject to direct sunlight, such as the dashboard.
- 10. **DO NOT** hold the radio in such a manner that the antenna is next to, or touching, exposed parts of the body, especially the face or eyes, while transmitting.
- 11. **DO NOT** allow children to operate transmitter-equipped radio equipment.
- 12. **DO NOT** operate the radio near unshielded electrical blasting caps or in an explosive atmosphere, unless it is a type especially designed and qualified for such use.
- 13. **NEVER** modify this device or its accessories, except as instructed in the Service Manual, Engineering Bulletins or formal communication as this may invalidate any warranty, guarantee or type approval.
- 14. **AVOID** placing the transceiver in excessively dusty environments.



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## Introduction

This Maxon Product Manual is a comprehensive guide to the maintenance and field repair of this equipment. It covers all versions of the SD170EX Series data radio(s). Before using this manual please read the whole of this introductory chapter, this will help you to make the best use of it. If you have not done so already, please also read the warnings immediately in front of this chapter before proceeding any further.

### **Using this Manual**

The organization of this manual has been arranged to enable the location and referencing of information, as quickly as possible.

**Section 3** - Installation, Commissioning & Alignment. Describes connections to the radio, how to commission it and how to align the radio should this becomes necessary.

Section 4 - Detailed functional description.

Section 5 - Troubleshooting.

### Amendments to this Manual

From time to time during its lifetime, this product will be updated and improved. To cover such changes, amendments to this manual will be issued in the form of replacements and/or additional pages. It is important that anyone working on a product has all the relevant information. Therefore you should incorporate amendments to this manual on receipt. Please follow the instructions accompanying the amendment (in the form of an Engineering Bulletin) and be sure to complete the amendment record at the front of this manual.

On occasion it may be necessary to issue product information more quickly than can be achieved with an amendment. In this case the information will be distributed as a Maxon Engineering Bulletin. Engineering Bulletin numbers are prefixed with a category letter – A, B or C.

#### E.g. CATEGORY C – ENGINEERING BULLETIN 120

Category C describes how Maxon recommends an improvement and/or a modification to make an improvement to a product

Engineering Bulletin 120 index number allocated to this bulletin.

**'A'** Category A Engineering Bulletins will only be released if, by using the equipment manufactured by Maxon or its subcontractors, a risk to operator safety or an infringement of Type Approval is probable.

All units affected should be returned for modification to Maxon CIC Europe Works Department on receipt of such a Bulletin.



**'B'** Category B Engineering Bulletins are for equipment manufactured by Maxon CIC that may have component batch problems.

All equipment affected that is in service must be returned to the Distributor or Dealer workshop for modification. Maxon CIC will supply replacement components free of charge.

**'C'** Category C Engineering Bulletins are for improvement or modification to equipment manufactured by Maxon.

Dealer / Distributor to modify affected units in the field on the next service call. Maxon will supply components free of charge.

Please place these at the back of this manual and refer to them before carrying out any work. This Service Manual should be updated with any accompanying replacement pages. You may wish to retain the previous issue pages for future reference.

## Pre-Install check, Accessories & Options

#### **Pre-Installation**

As standard the SD-170EX Series Radio Modem is supplied with fused power Cable and manual.

#### Accessories

The following Accessories are available:

### Order Code Description

#### Antennas

CA1506-MB VHF Helical Antenna 148 - 160MHz CA1506-HB VHF Helical Antenna 160 - 174MHz CA4502 UHF Quarter-wave Whip Antenna 420 – 470MHz

#### Programmer

ACC-916

ACC-511

SD-170EX Series Programming kit Allows frequencies and features to be changed.

Programming lead

#### Service

Extender PCB Allows RF PCB to be spaced off of the Digital PCB to facilitate Alignment procedures.

**V2** 142-174MHz **U2** 450-490MHz.

12.5 KHz or 25 KHz versions of all bands.



## **Product Introduction**

The SD-170EX Series (here in after called "the radios") of RF wireless modems from MAXONCIC utilize the latest technology in its design and manufacturing. Both the UHF and VHF models are Phase Lock Loop Synthesizer (PLL) / microprocessor controlled and offer five watts of power with 16-channel capability. Programmable sub-audio squelch system (CTCSS & DCS) and two-tone squelch system are newly added to the signal level detect squelch system (RSSI) through PC Program. The radios are programmed using ACC 916 programming software, an Intel Pentium2 or higher Personal Computer, Operating system is Microsoft windows 98, ME, 2000, and XP and Vista based software, an interface module and a programming cable. This allows the radio to be tailored to meet the requirements of the individual user and of the System(s) it is operating within.



Antenna / RF connectorBNC type nominal 50Ω impedanceProgrammer ACC 916XP, Vista, ME, 2000 and Windows based programmer<br/>allowing personalization of the SD-170EX Series<br/>Modems via the RS232 port.



## Installation

#### Installation

The SD-170EX Series Radio Modems usually requires mounting in a suitable location. Attention should be given to the heat sinking of the radio if prolonged transmission is required; see Section 2, which also includes details of the mounting hole dimensions.

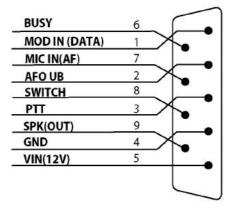
**Note**: Continuous transmission is not possible at high power (5W) without a suitable heat sink.

The SD-170EX Series Radio Modems can be used with helical or whip aerials or may be connected to an external antenna, via a suitable connecting cable.

#### **External Connections**

Connection is made to the SD-170EX Series Radio Modems via an external 50 ohm BNC socket (RF signal) and a high density 9-way "D"-type socket (DB-9 connector; control and data signals) with 4-40 UNC threaded jack posts for more permanent connection. Besides, SCN-12 type circular connector is added to separate power line from data and analogue signals of DB-9 connector.

#### **DB - 9 CONNECTOR**





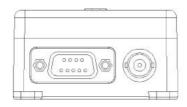


Fig. 2 Front panel



# **General Specification**

	VHF	UHF		
Equipment Type	Data radio (Wireless Modem)	Data radio (Wireless Modem)		
Model Series	SD-171EX	SD-174EX		
Performance Specifications	TIA/EIA-603 /ETS 300-113	TIA/EIA-603 /ETS 300-113		
Frequency Range	142-174MHz	450-490MHz		
RF Output	1-5W	1-5W		
Channel Spacing	12.5KHz, 25	5KHz Programmable		
Modulation Type	F	F3D, F3E		
Intermediate Frequency	45.1M	IHz & 455KHz		
Number of Channels	16			
Frequency Source	Synthesizer			
Operation Rating	Intermittent 90 : 5 : 5 (Standby : RX : TX)			
Power Supply	Ext. Power Supply (12 VDC Nominal)			
Temperature Range Storage Operating	From -40°C to +80°C From -30°C to +60°C			
Current Consumption Standby(Muted) Transmit 5Watts RF Power Transmit 2Watts RF Power	< 65mA < 2.0 A < 1.0 A			
Lock Time	< 10ms			
TX to RX attack time	< 20ms (No Power Saving)			
RX to TX attack time	< 20ms			
Dimensions	(118mm)W X (63mm)H X (35mm)D			
Weight	266.5grams			



# **Transmitter Specification**

	VHF	UHF	
Model Series	SD-171EX	SD-174EX	
Carrier Power (Nom. Max. Min.) Hi Power Low Power Sustained Transmission Time : 5 10 30 Sec (Nominal Conditions) Frequency Error	5W < 6W > 4.5W 1W<1.5W>0.8W Power : >90% >85% >80%	5W < 6W > 4.5W 1W<1.5W>0.8W Power : >90% >85% >80%	
Nominal condition Extreme condition	< 0.5 KHz ±2.5 ppm	< 0.75 KHz ±2.5 ppm	
<b>Frequency Deviation</b> 25 KHz Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing	Peak ±5.0, Min. ±3.8KHz Peak ±2.5, Min. ±1.9KHz		
Audio Frequency Response	Within +1/-3dB of 6dB octave @ 300 Hz to 2.55 kHz for 12.5 kHz C.S. @ 300 Hz to 3.0 kHz for 25 kHz C.S.		
Adjacent Channel Power 25 KHz Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing	< 70 dBc @ Nominal Condition , < 65 dBc @ Extreme Conditio < 60 dBc @ Nominal Condition , < 55 dBc @ Extreme Conditio		
Conducted Spurious Emission	< -36 dBm	< -36 dBm	
Modulation Sensitivity	100mV RMS @	60% Peak Dev.	
Hum & Noise 25 KHz Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing		nout PSOPH) ith PSOPH)	
Modulation Symmetry	< 10% Peak Dev @ 1KHz input for nominal dev. + 20dB		
Load Stability	No osc at ≥ 10:1 VSWR all phase angles and suitable antenna No destroy at ≥ 20:1 all phase angle		
Peak Deviation Range Adjustment @ 1 KHz, Nom Dev + 20dB : 25 KHz Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing	Min. 3.5, Max. 6.0 Min. 1.5, Max. 4.0		





# **Receiver Specification**

	VHF	UHF	
Model Series	SD-171EX	SD-174EX	
Sensitivity (@ 12dB SINAD) 25 KHz Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing	< 0.28uV < 0.30uV	< 0.28uV < 0.30uV	
Sensitivity (1/100 Error Rate) With ACC-513 With ACC-514 Amplitude Characteristic	< -113dBm < -110dBm > -3dB , < +3dB	< -113dBm < -110dBm > -3dB , < +3dB	
Adjacent Channel Selectivity 25 KHz Channel Spacing(Nom.) (Extreme Condition) 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing(Nom.) (Extreme Condition)	> 70 dB > 60 dB > 65 dB > 50 dB	> 70 dB > 60 dB > 65 dB > 50 dB	
Spurious Rejection(100KHz ~ 4GHz)	> 70 dB	> 70 dB	
Image / Half IF Rejection	> 70 dB	> 70 dB	
Intermodulation Response Rejection ±25 kHz/ 50 kHz ±50 kHz/ 100 kHz	> 70 dB > 70 dB	> 70 dB > 70 dB	
Conducted Spurious Emission 9 KHz - 1 GHz 1 GHz – 4 GHz	< - 57 dBm < - 47 dBm	< - 57 dBm < - 47 dBm	
RX Spurious Emissions (Radiated) 9 KHz - 1 GHz 1 GHz – 4 GHz	< - 57 dBm < - 47 dBm	< - 57 dBm < - 47 dBm	
AF Distortion : Nominal condition Extreme condition	< 3% < 10%	< 3% < 10%	
<b>RX Hum &amp; Noise (only audio)</b> 25 KHz Channel Spacing 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing	< 40 dB without PSOPH	< 40 dB with PSOPH	
Receiver Response Time	< 16 ms	< 16 ms	
Squelch (factory pre-set) Open Close	-113dBm -116dBm		
Squelch Attack Time : RF Level at Threshold RF Level at Threshold + 20dB		< 40 ms (Analog) < 30 ms (Analog)	
Squelch Decay Time	5 ms Min., 20ms Max.		
Antenna Socket Input Match	> 10 dB R	eturn Loss	
Temperature Stability for L.O. Frequency	1st < 5 ppm, 2nd < 15 ppm from -30° to + 60° C		
L.O. Frequency Aging Rate	±2 ppr	n/ year	



## **Reference Crystal**

	VHF	UHF	
Model Series	SD-171EX	SD-174EX	
Frequency	12.8MHz		
Туре	DV-5-2.5H1		
Temperature Characteristic	±2.5 ppm from -30° C to +60° C		
Aging Rate	< 2 ppm/ year in 1st year < 1 ppm/ year thereafter		

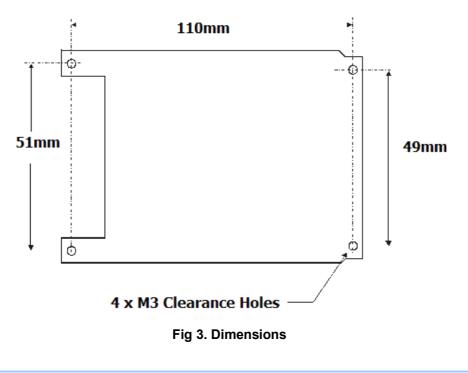
## Enviromental

	VHF	UHF		
Model Series :	SD-171EX	SD-174EX		
Temperature (deg C) Operating Storage	-30° to +60° C Degradation Specified @ Extreme condition -40° to +80° C			
ESD	20 KV			

• Due to continuing research and development the company reserves the right to alter these specifications without prior notice.

## Dimensions

Dimensions: 122mm (L) x 62mm (W) x 35mm (D)



maxon



### Features

#### 16 Channels

The SD-170EX Series radio can store up to 16 channels within the same band. These channels can be selected by inner DIP-S/W or serial command inputted from external control system.

### **Channel Spacing**

The SD-170EX Series is capable of programmable channel spacing, in both UHF and VHF bands. Each channel can be programmed via the PC programmer, ACC-916, having 12.5KHz or 25KHz channel spacing.

#### **Output Power**

In case of SD-170EX Series, it's programmable. Each channel can be programmed via the PC programmer to a high-power output, 5 Watts, and a low-power output, 1 Watt.

#### **Channel Scan**

For audio application, SD-170EX Series supports channel scan enabled via serial commands. During programming of the radio, any channel can be selected as a scanned channel. When a scanned channel is selected, it becomes a part of the scan list. Once the scan list has been established, initiates scan by serial commands. If a conversation is detected on any of the channels in the scan list, the radio will stop on that channel and audio signal will be released through pin 9 of the DB-9 connector. At that moment, busy channel data is sent to external equipment or device through serial command. So, busy channel data can be identified as decoding received serial command from radio in the external equipment or device. Normally, if user tries to transmit during scanning, the transmission will be made on the channel that the call is received during the programmable scan delay time. (The scan delay time is the amount of time the radio will stay on that channel once working has ceased. Dealer programming of 4 ~ 7 seconds is typical). The radio will resume scanning once the scan delay time has passed, and will continue to scan until the serial command for scan stop is inputted by external equipment. After the scan has resumed, if a transmission is made, the radio will transmit on the selected priority channel. This feature is similar to priority scan TX except for selection of priority channel. You can assign a priority channel by inner dip switch only.

#### Scan Delete

To temporarily delete a channel from the scan list, simply input the serial command for scan deletion to the radio while scanning and stopped on the channel to be deleted. This will temporarily remove that channel from the scan list until the scan is closed or the radio's power is reset.



#### **CTCSS / DCS Scanning**

To help to block out unwanted calls to your radio, the SD170E series can be programmed by your dealer to scan for tones.

#### **Busy Channel Lockout**

This feature, when enabled, disables the transmitter when the user would attempt to transmit during the receiving channel is busy. It will be dealer-programmable on/off and applicable to all channels.

#### Marked Idle

When used in conjunction with Busy Channel, lockouted transmitter is allowed to operate as long as valid RX tone is received. Dealers program this feature as ON or OFF. This feature will be dealer-programmable on/off and applicable to all channels.

#### **TX** Time-out

This feature, when enabled, limits the amount of time that the user can continuously transmit. This time can be set in increments by 10 seconds from 10 seconds to 990 seconds. If the user attempts to transmit longer than the TX Time-out period, five seconds prior to expiration, the radio will release Time-out alert signal through pin 9 of the DB-15 connector and will cease transmission.

#### **Power Save**

The function of Power Save is used when an external battery is used as the power source. When Power Save is enabled, the receiver ON and OFF time can be programmed and allows the operator to set the length of time the receiver gets asleep.

#### **TX** Delay

The TX will remain active for 150 ms at the end of TX when using CTCSS tones. This eliminates squelch tail. Dealer programs this feature as ON or OFF.

#### **Squelch Options**

Compared to existing Maxon data radios, programmable sub-audio squelch system (CTCSS & DCS) and two-tone squelch system are newly added. Each channel will have these squelch option sets during dealer programming. More detail descriptions for all available squelch systems of SD170EX are the following.



#### Sub-audio squelch system

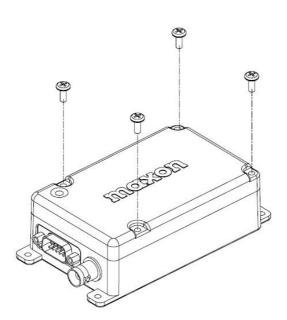
The SD-170EX Series can operate singly or with optional modem boards. Even if user wants to use sub-audio SQ system, the radio will permit this SQ option according to some cases to avoid confliction between sub-audio and data.

Contrary to general-purpose two-way radio, the input of the radio is data or audio. In case of audio, its frequency spectra are limited to  $300 \text{ Hz} \sim 3 \text{ kHz}$  by internal BPF. So, the division of this and sub-audio is possible on the frequency spectra because sub-audio has under 300 Hz frequency. But, Data has wide frequency spectra compared with audio.



## Access to digital and RF boards

#### Removing top cover



Disassembly and Re-assembly of the Radio

In order to carry out the following Test and Alignment procedures it will be necessary to gain access to the inside of the radio.

Care should be exercised when opening up the radio for maintenance or repair.

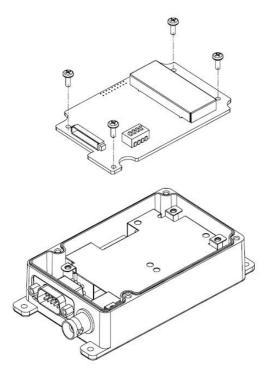
In order to

*Disassemble the* radio; the following procedure should be used:

1. Unfasten and remove the four mounting

screws located on the top cover of the radio.

#### **Removing the Digital board**

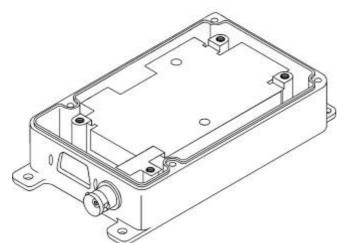


2. Remove the four mounting screws located on the top of the Digital board.

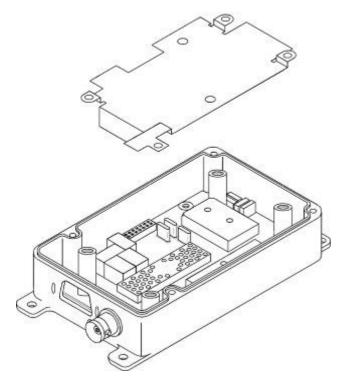
3. Gently lift Digital board away from the connector on the RF board from the opposite end to the D-type.



#### **Removing Screen**



4. Remove the screen by carefully desoldering the screen from the RF board near to the BNC connector.

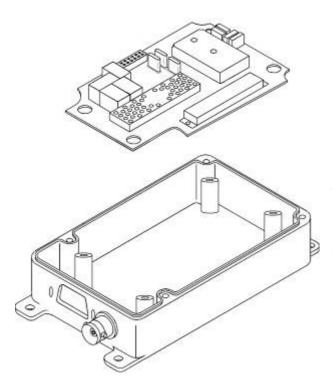


5. Then lift screen out.





#### **REMOVING & REPLACING THE RF BOARD**



- 6. Unscrew the four holding screws from the RF board.
- 7. De-solder the RF lead at the BNC connection



## Alignment

### **Transmitter Alignment**

Connect the unit to a Service Monitor with the power meter set to the 10 W scale (or auto range). Refer to figure 4.4 under commissioning section

### тсхо

Set the channel selector to the mid-range frequency 460MHz (U2) and 155MHz (V2), adjust TCXO1 for a reading accurate to within  $\pm$ 200Hz.

#### TX VCO

TX VCO is pre-tuned at the factory and no further adjustment is required

To verify the alignment of the TX VCO, check the VCO Control voltage.

Set the unit to the highest transmit frequency, 480MHz (U2), 174MHz (V2). Key the transmitter and verify that the VCO control voltage is under 10.0 Volts. If necessary adjust C208 of TX VCO to 10.0 Volts.

Set the unit to the lowest transmit frequency 440 MHz(U2), 146(V2) key the transmitter and verify that the VCO voltage is above **1.8 Volts**. If necessary adjust C208 to **1.8 Volts**.

Note: use TP1 to measure the voltage.

#### Deviation

#### **CTCSS and DCS Deviation and Balance Adjustment**

Set the unit to a mid-frequency range and a CTCSS of 67Hz. Activate PTT and adjust RV402 (deviation adjustment) for desired CTCSS tone deviation.

Switch to a channel with the same frequency and CTCSS of 250.3Hz. Activate PTT and adjust RV1 (balance adjustment) to desired CTCSS tone deviation, same as above step.

Switch between the 67Hz channel and the 250.3Hz channel and adjust RV1 until the deviation is the same on both channels. It may be necessary to readjust RV402 to get the desired deviation.

#### Audio balance and deviation adjustment

Set the unit to a mid-frequency and input the TX data with 400 Hz standard audio level (100mV for data or 10mV for audio in). Increase the signal level to 20 dB from standard level.

Monitor the demodulated signal from service monitor. Adjust RV1 to make the monitored signal to be a balanced square wave.



Sweep the audio frequency from 300 Hz to 4 kHz and ensure that the peak deviation does not exceed the limits shown below. If necessary adjust RV2 to vary audio deviation.

12.5 kHz channel spacing <= 2.5 kHz dev.

20 kHz channel spacing <= 4 kHz dev.

25 kHz channel spacing <= 5 kHz dev.

**Note:** When using one of the internal modems (ACC-513 or ACC-514) a test signal needs to be applied to the radio (e.g. data from the computer). The deviation levels should not exceed the limits as shown above.

#### APC (output power)

When using the extender board (ACC-516) there is a voltage drop in transmission mode and so output power drops. As a result the radio outputs higher power than assigned after assembly. To prevent over-power output, follow below procedure

Adjust RV4 to set high power at the point of 4.6W.

Adjust RV3 to set low power at 0.6W

**Assemble the radio** and again check if RF transmission power is near 5.0W for high power and 1W for low power.

#### RECEIVER

Refer to figure 4.5 in the Commissioning section for details on test equipment connection

### **RX VCO**

RX VCO is pre-tuned at the factory and adjustment should not be required

To verify the adjustment of the RX VCO, check the VCO Control voltage.

Set the unit to the highest receiving frequency, 480MHz (U2), 174MHz (V2) and verify the VCO control voltage is under 10.0 Volts. If necessary adjust C308 of RX VCO to 10.0 Volts

Set the unit to the lowest receive frequency 440MHz (U2), 146(V2) and verify that the VCO voltage is above 2.0 Volts. If necessary adjust C308 to **2.0 Volts**.

Note: Use TP1 to measure the voltage.

### AUDIO OUTPUT LEVEL Adjustment

Set the RF signal generator to the receiver frequency of the radio and set the AF modulation signal to 1 kHz with the following deviations depending on channel spacing:

1.5 kHz deviation for 12.5 kHz channel spacing

2.4 kHz deviation for 20 kHz channel spacing

3 kHz deviation for 25 kHz channel spacing



Adjust the RF output level of the RF signal generator to -47dBm and connect to the radio.

Monitor the output on the audio output pin and adjust RV401 for the specific audio output level.

### **Squelch Adjustment**

Before squelch adjustment is made the squelch type should be selected via software. Squelch level to open or close (un-mute or mute) is set up by not only software control but also hardware control and programmed by the system option of the ACC-916 programming software.

#### Squelch Adjustment (Noise SQ only)

Select a receiver channel which is programmed for narrow band (12.5 kHz) operation. Set the RF signal generator to the receiver frequency and set the AF modulation signal to 1 kHz at 1.5kH deviation.

Adjust the RF output level of the RF signal generator until the 1 kHz signal is heard. Adjust the RF signal to the desired level for squelch sensitivity as you monitor SINAD, usually 8 to 12 dB. On the RF board, adjust RV5 until the squelch is just un-muted (open).

Switch off the RF generator (squelch should be closed).

Switch on the RF generator, Squelch should be opened at the SINAD point where RV5 was adjusted.

Select a receiver channel that is programmed for wide band operation (25kHz). Set the RF signal generator to the receiver frequency and the AF modulation signal to 1 kHz at 3kH deviation.

Adjust the RF output level of the RF signal generator until the 1kHz signal is heard, and then adjust the RF signal to the desired level for squelch sensitivity as you monitor SINAD, usually 8 to 12 dB. On the RF board, adjust RV6 until the squelch is just un-muted (open).

Switch off the RF generator (squelch should be closed). Switch on the RF generator, Squelch should be opened at the SINAD point where RV6 was adjusted.

Disconnect the test equipment.

#### Squelch Adjustment (RSSI SQ only) using ACC-2016 & ACC-916

Default setting of squelch level for all radios is approximately set at:

Squelch open (un-mute) at -114 to -113dBm (0.45 - 0.5mV of the RX signal strength)

Squelch close (mute) at -117 to -116dBm (0.3 - 0.35mV of the RX signal strength)

Changing the default squelch settings requires use of the programming cable and software. Those are designed for use not only as part of the programming kit but also as a tool of squelch level setting.

Still using the same connections for the receiver performance test, run the programmer ACC-916 on the PC and select calibration mode. Select "Custom Define" menu of Squelch program menu of ACC-916.

Adjust the RF signal generator for the desired signal strength to OPEN squelch (e.g. default setting is approximately –113dBm, equivalent to 0.5mV)

Press "Set(OPEN)" button, LED indicator will flash 3 times then it will be ON.

Adjust the RF signal generator for the desired signal strength to CLOSE squelch (e.g. default setting is approximately -116dBm, equivalent to 0.35mV). Press "Set(CLOSE)" button, LED indicator will flash 2 times then it will be OFF.



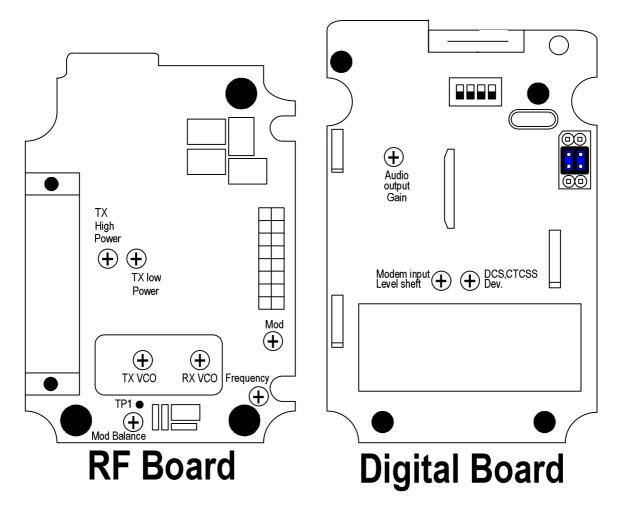
Press "SAVE" button, LED indicator will flash once.

Squelch level is now set. Test for the desired level by increasing or decreasing the RF signal to levels set for open and close squelch (mute LED will be OFF & un-mute LED will be ON).

Brief block signal flow diagrams for each input are the following (See Figure 3.1.  $\sim$  3.3.).



# **Alignment points**

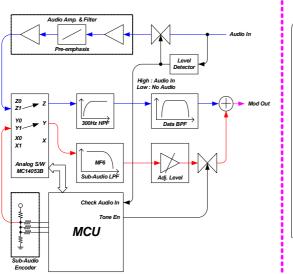


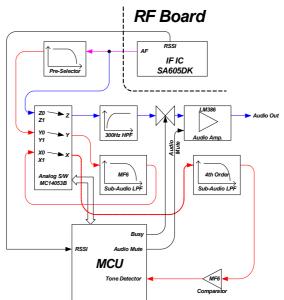
**Alignment Points Diagrams** 



## **Flow Diagrams**

Flow Diagrams

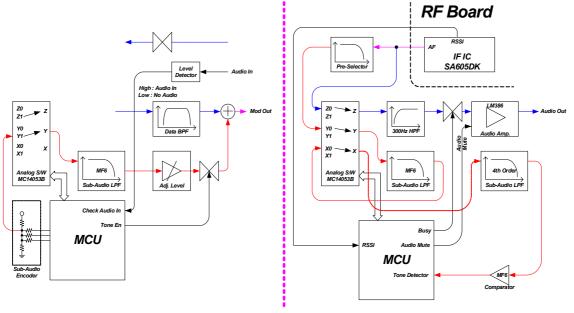




Audio signal flow in Transmitter

Audio signal flow in Receiver

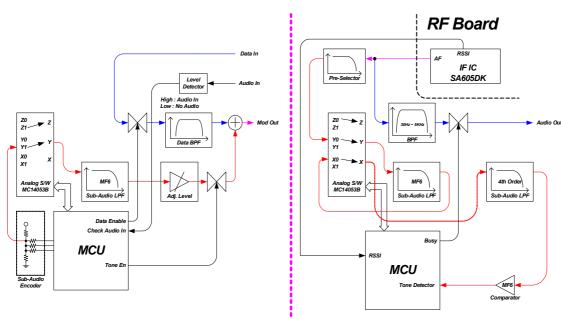
Audio signal flow diagram



Audio signal flow in Transmitter

Audio signal flow in Receiver





Data signal flow diagram

Ext. Mod. signal flow in Transmitter

Ext. Mod. signal flow in Receiver

External modulated signal flow diagram



## CTCSS

#### **CTCSS signal information**

Each channel supports the 38 TIA/EIA standard tone frequencies and 11 non-standard tones. All tones will be set up during dealer programming.

No.	Freq. (Hz)								
01	67.0	11	97.4	21	136.5	31	192.8	41	171.3
02	71.9	12	100.0	22	141.3	32	203.5	42	177.3
03	74.4	13	103.5	23	146.2	33	210.7	43	183.5
04	77.0	14	107.2	24	151.4	34	218.1	44	189.9
05	79.7	15	110.9	25	156.7	35	225.7	45	196.6
06	82.5	16	114.8	26	162.2	36	233.6	46	199.5
07	85.4	17	118.8	27	167.9	37	241.8	47	206.5
08	88.5	18	123.0	28	173.8	38	250.3	48	229.1
09	91.5	19	127.3	29	179.9	39	69.3	49	254.1
10	94.8	20	131.8	30	186.2	40	159.8		

#### **CTCSS Frequency Chart**

#### DCS signal information

The radio supports the encoding and decoding of 104 DCS data (include TIA/EIA code).

| Octal |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Code  |
023	054	125	165	245	274	356	445	506	627	732
025	065	131	172	246	306	364	446	516	631	734
026	071	132	174	251	311	365	452	523	632	743
031	072	134	205	252	315	371	454	526	654	754
032	073	143	212	255	325	411	455	532	662	
036	074	145	223	261	331	412	462	546	664	
043	114	152	225	263	332	413	464	565	703	
047	115	155	226	265	343	423	465	606	712	
051	116	156	243	266	346	431	466	612	723	
053	122	162	244	271	351	432	503	624	731	

#### **DCS Code Chart**

#### Two-Tone Squelch (SQ) System

The radios will support Motorola-Format, Two-Tone (Type 99) decoding. *This is receive only, decode only feature.* It will allow a dispatcher to call individuals and groups. Each System/Group will be programmable to respond to any combination of the code, with a distinctive alert for each System/Group. The alert format consists of two tone sequences, first the ID of the radio being called, then the ID of the calling radio.

This feature is programmed by the dealer (per customer's request) and is not activated / deactivated by the user. The user interface consists of the radio emitting the tones being broadcast. At this point, the radio will enter Unmuted Rx mode and remain in this mode until the PTT signal is inputted.





## Interfacing

### **External connections**

Connection is made to the SD170EX via an external 50 ohm BNC socket (RF signal) and a high density 9-way "D"-type socket (DB-9 connector; control and data signals) with 4-40 UNC threaded jack posts for more permanent connection. Besides,

DB-9 Pin includes "Power". The data communication during PC program is used through one pin so that the application design should be considered for the pin when you use the applied circuit which is made on your way.

D - Type Pin No.	Function	Description	Signal Type	Input/ Output
1	Data modulation IN (TX Mod)	Signal is directly injected to MOD through data low pass filter without pre-emphasis.	Analog signal 1KHz audio at 60% peak system deviation input level = 100 to 120mVrms	I/P
2	Data unfiltered OUT (RX disc)	Discriminator audio from the SD-160. This is the unprocessed AF signal prior to tone filtering and de- emphasis.	Analog signal 1KHz audio at 60% peak system deviation produces 200 to 300mVrms	O/P
3	PTT In (TX Key)	Signal from the 'external device' to key the SD-160 transmitter. This line has an internal pull up resistor to +5V. Pulling the line to 0V turns on the transmitter. Note: If you installed option modem board, you can select RS- 232 signal level by Jumper (CON407) on the digital board. See Figure 8.2.	TTL level 0V = Tx o/c = Rx RS-232 level (option) +12V = Tx -12V = Rx	I/P
4	Ground.	Ground.	DC 0V	
5	Power	Power connection to Out of the radio.	DC +12V	
6	Serial Data Out	Serial data output for radio control or program. It uses asynchronous data format.	TTL level	O/P
7	Microphone filtered audio IN	This signal is injected to the MOD at the point through audio-amplification, pre-emphasis and high pass filtering where sub-audio tone is mixed with audio.	Audio 1KHz audio at 60% peak system deviation input level = 6 to 8Vrms	I/P
8	Serial data IN/OUT	Serial command or data input and data output for radio control or program. It uses asynchronous data format.	TTL level	I/O/P
9	Speaker filtered OUT	Audio output from the audio amplifier. It's filtered by tone-filter, de- emphasis circuit.	Audio 1KHz audio at 60% peak system deviation produces Nominal 1Vrms @ 8Ω	I/P

### DB-9 PIN descriptions with input/output level

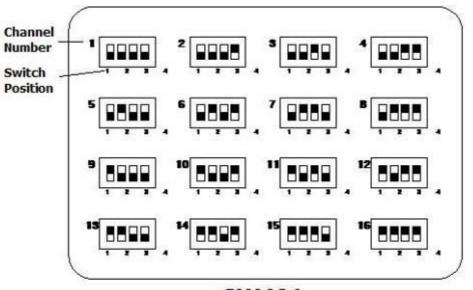


BUSY	6	
MOD IN (DATA)	1	$\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{a}}$
MIC IN(AF)	7	
AFO UB	_2	₭, ▼
SWITCH	8	
PTT	<u> </u>	₭, ゛
SPK(OUT)	9	
GND	4	X
VIN(12V)	5	



# **Channel Selection**

Setting of channel selector switch for each channel

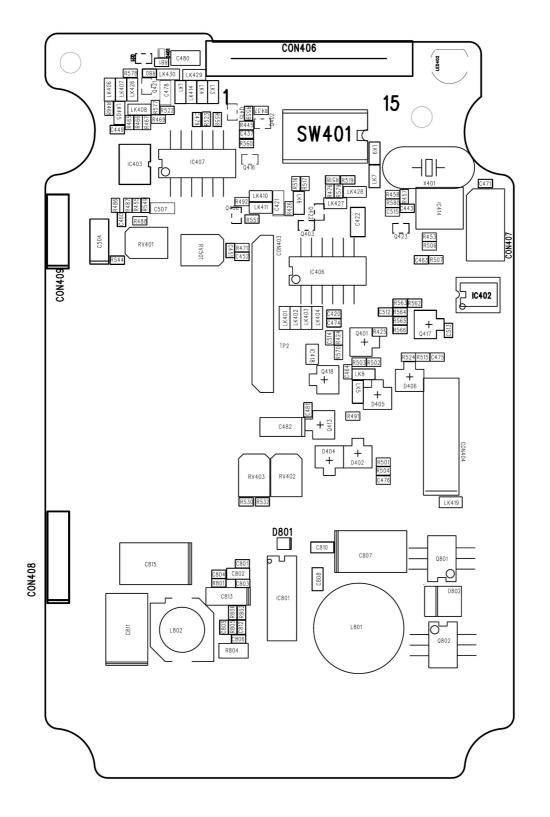


SW401



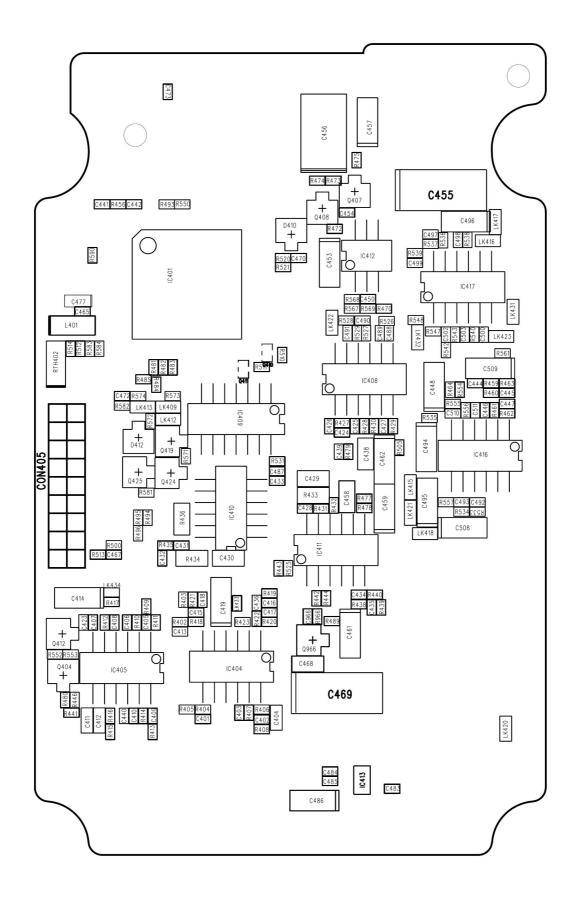
# **SD170EX Layouts Control Board**

#### Control Board top Reference



Control Board bottom Reference



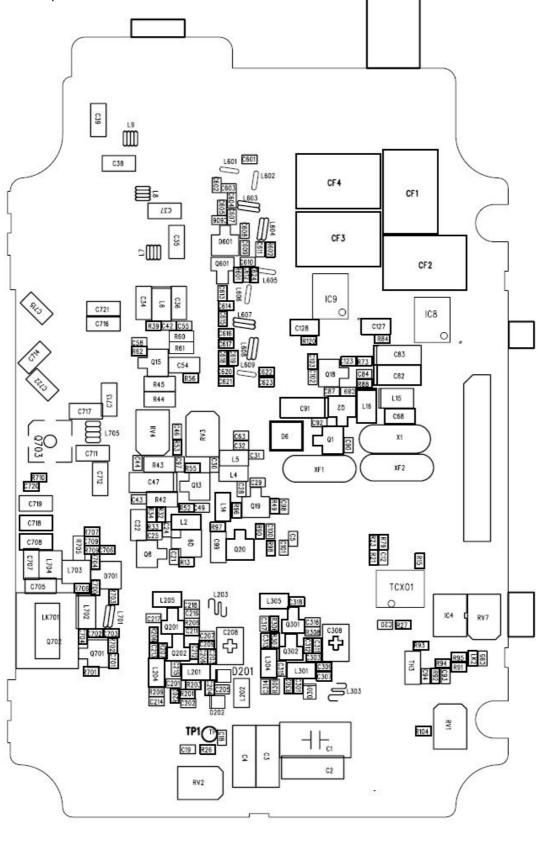


Layouts



# SD171EX Layouts RF Board

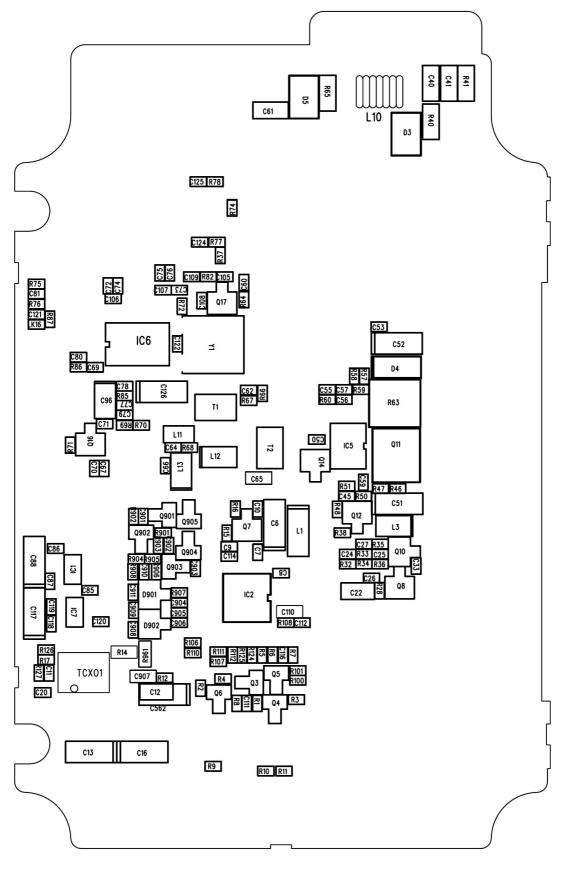




Layouts



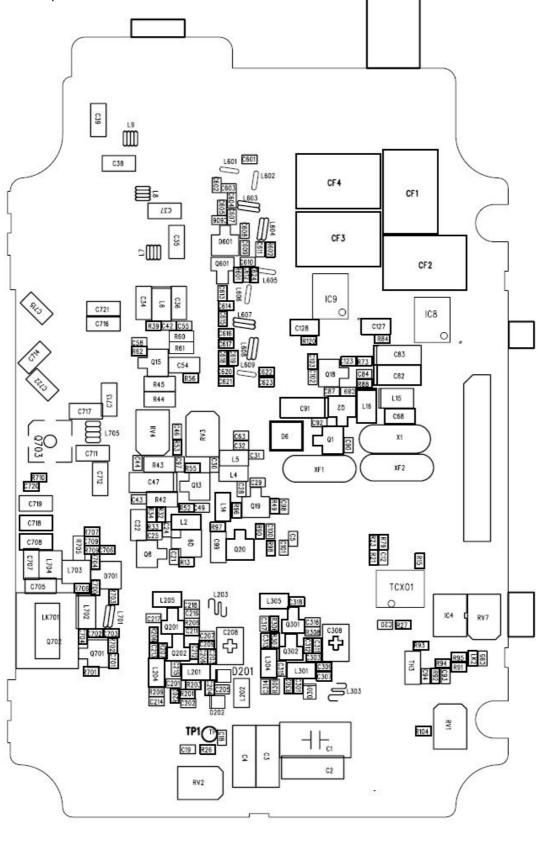
RF Board bottom Reference



maxoncic

# SD174EX Layouts RF Board

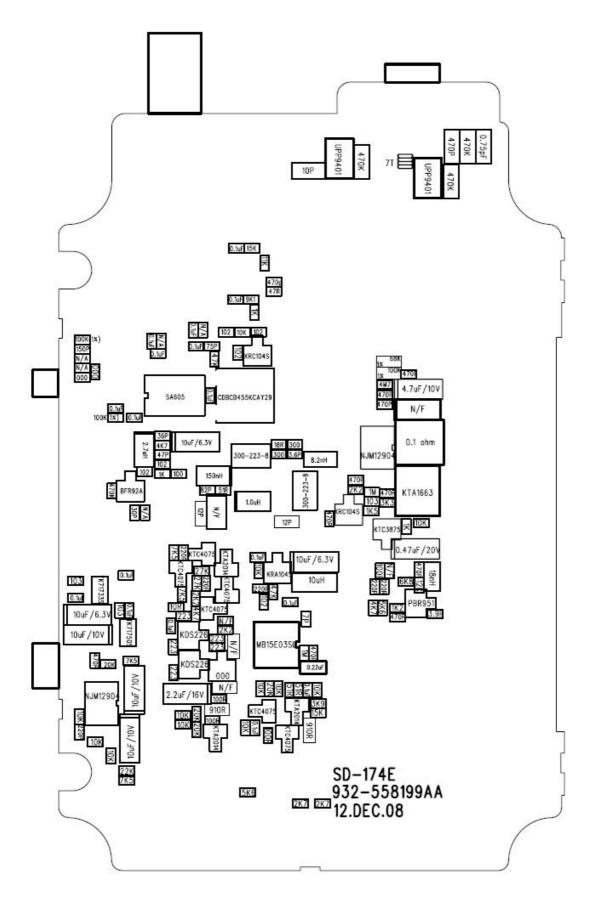




Layouts

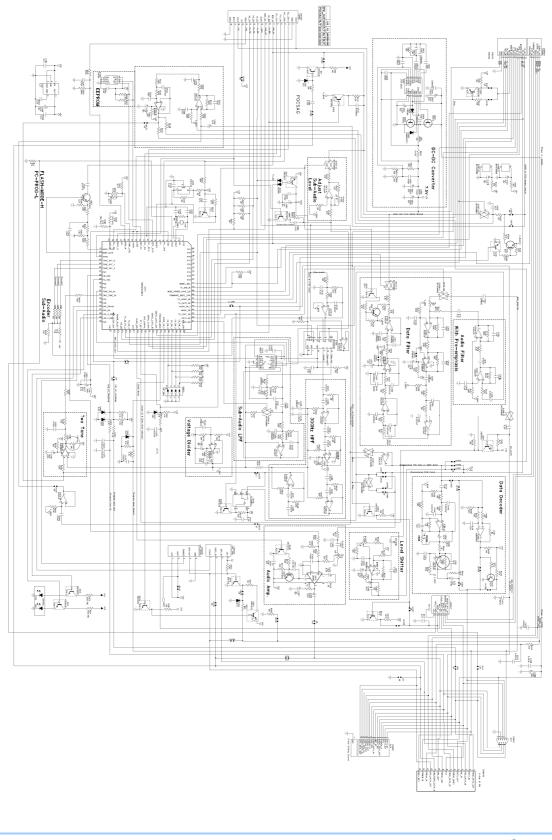


#### RF Board bottom Reference



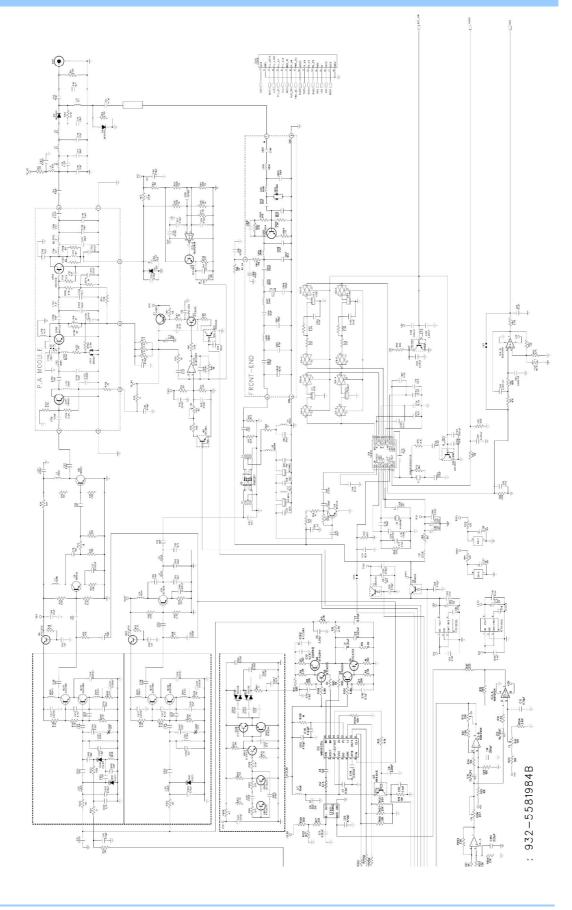
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# **SD170EX Control Schematic**



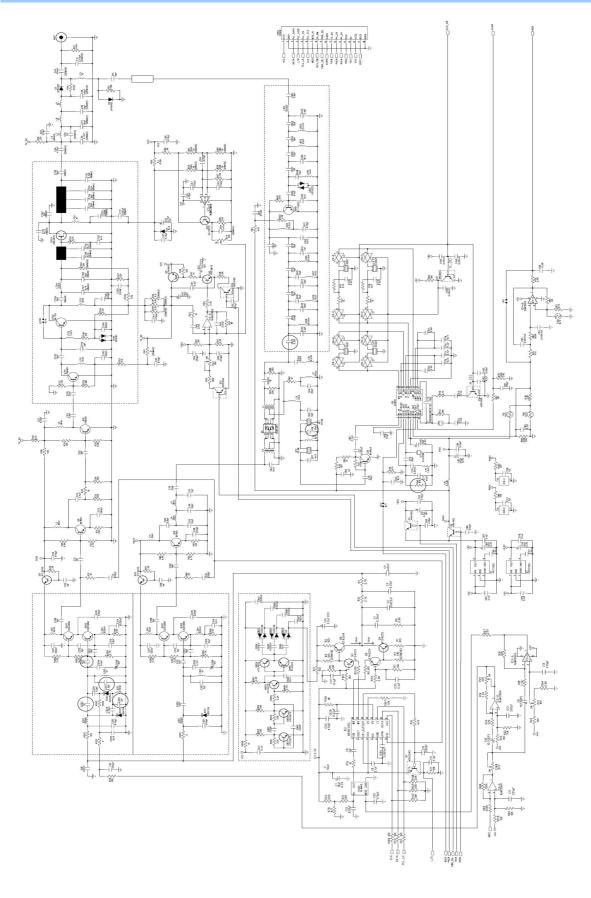
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# SD171EX RF Schematic





# SD174EX RF Schematic





Schematic